



ABC CAPITAL BANK LIMITED

**BASEL II - PILLAR III - MARKET DISCIPLINE DISCLOSURE
FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2024**

Introduction

Pillar III of the Basel framework aims to promote market discipline through regulatory disclosure requirements. These requirements enable the market participants to access key information relating to Supervised Financial Institution regulatory capital and risk exposures to increase transparency and confidence about a Supervised Financial Institution exposure to risk and the overall adequacy of its regulatory capital.

This Report is intended to fulfill the reporting requirements of Pillar III for ABC Capital Bank Limited in accordance with Bank of Uganda Market disclosure guidelines.

DIS01: Key Prudential Metrics

		Jun-24	Mar-24
	Available capital (amounts)	Ushs 000	Ushs 000
1	Core capital	30,077,298	30,113,644
2	Supplementary capital	188,104	203,368
3	Total capital	30,265,402	30,317,012
Risk-weighted assets (amounts)			
4	Total risk-weighted assets (RWA)	33,816,714	33,958,935
Risk-based capital ratios as a percentage of RWA			
5	Core capital ratio (%)	89%	89%
6	Total capital ratio (%)	89%	89%
Capital buffer requirements as a percentage of RWA			
7	Capital conservation buffer requirement (2.5%)	2.5%	2.5%
8	Countercyclical buffer requirement (%)	-	-
9	Systemic buffer (for DSIBs) (%)	-	-
10	Total of capital buffer requirements (%) (row 7 + row 8 + row 9)	2.5%	2.5%
11	Core capital available after meeting the bank's minimum capital requirements (%)	76%	76%
Basel III leverage ratio			
13	Total Basel III leverage ratio exposure measure	56,214,329	56,188,122
14	Basel III leverage ratio (%) (row 1 / row 13)	54%	54%
Liquidity Coverage Ratio			
15	Total high-quality liquid assets (HQLA)	11,409,785	5,621,681
16	Total net cash outflow	1,574,417	1,400,965
17	LCR (%)	725%	401%
Net Stable Funding Ratio			
18	Total available stable funding	42,157,706	41,923,110
19	Total required stable funding	6,237,704	10,005,141
20	NSFR	676%	419%

DIS02: Risk management approach

The risk governance structure

The Bank has in place risk management objectives and a well-established risk strategy, delivered through our core risk management processes.

Our approach to managing risk is outlined in the enterprise risk management framework as per the risk management guidelines.

They define our risk management process and sets out the activities, tools, techniques and organizational arrangements to ensure that all our material risks are identified, measured, managed and mitigated.

The framework defines the principal risks, the key roles and responsibilities of principal and key risk owners, as well as related governance requirements.

Channels to communicate, decline and enforce the risk culture within the Bank.

The Bank has in place policies and procedures for each line of business element as point of reference while executing their actions. The Bank also set internal tolerance levels for its risk appetite statement which are keenly monitored and breach of which are discussed through the (RMC) risk management committee on a monthly and quarterly reported to the Board through BRC.

The process of risk information reporting provided to the board and senior management, the scope and main content of reporting on risk exposure.

Through the Risk management committee meetings (RMC) each month, all the risk information in terms of identification, assessment, migrations, monitoring and reporting are done through the Risk manager during RMC. Attention is brought to Management on the level and trend of the risks showing those that are material and may pose a threat to the business for management action. The same are also brought to the attention of the Board each quarter.

stress testing

The Bank has a stress testing framework which gives guidance on the different assumptions and scenarios that would pose a threat to the Bank's business lines if the risk exposures materialized. Under the Credit risk stress testing, we do stress the portfolio of the Top largest borrower, the Top three borrowers, the Top 20 borrowers and the exposure in foreign currency at the extremes of becoming NPA and the impact on capital. Also we do stress on the market risk, Liquidity risk, Strategic risk and operations risks which are currently the material risks that the Bank is faced with. The Bank also does keep monitoring all other risks though they may not be material enough to cause a threat to its business activities

DIS02: Risk management approach

The strategies and processes to manage, hedge and mitigate risks that arise from ABC Capital Bank' business model and the processes for monitoring the continuing effectiveness of hedges and mitigants

At Senior Management Level, the following committees are in place to manage risk: The first line of defense are the risk owners, Risk & compliance as the second line of defense. Risk does identify, measure, control, report and monitors the risks on an enterprise wise basis. Internal audit, offers independent oversight as the third line of defense

Risk Management Committee (RMC) - This committee reviews the bank's risk profile from an enterprise wide view point. At this forum, Bank risk status, industry trends, regulatory developments are discussed and suitable decisions are taken. Matters beyond the authority of this committee are forwarded to BRC for further discussion and consideration.

Management Committee (MANCO) - This committee comprises of Branch Heads and Head of Operations the Risk manager also attends this committee as part of managing operational risk – At this committee forum, matters pertaining to operational risk exposure emanating from People, Systems and Processes, inadequacy of Internal policies and procedures, Regulatory matters and External events are discussed and suitable decision are taken.

The Management Credit Committee (MCC) - At this committee forum, matters pertaining to quality of bank's loan book, its size (growth), new credit proposals are discussed and appropriate decisions are taken. Decisions that exceed the authority of this committee are forwarded to BCC for further deliberation and conclusion. Management Asset and Liability Committee (ALCO) – this committee collectively manages the bank's liquidity portfolio and market risk exposures where the impact in the movement of Interest rates and Foreign Exchange rates are discussed and appropriate decisions are taken. Decisions that exceed the authority of this committee are forwarded to BALCO for further deliberation and conclusion.

The management Human resource committee-The HR committee meets regularly to discuss and ratify all matters related to Human Resources within the bank.

Executive Committee (EXCO) – this committee comprises of the CEO, ED, Head of Risk, Head of Credit, Head of Treasury and Head of Finance. The matters discussed in the various management committees are tabled here for Executive action and decision.

DIS03: Overview of RWA				
		RWA		Minimum capital requirements
		Jun-24	Mar-24	Jun-24
		Ushs 000	Ushs 000	Ushs 000
1	Credit risk (excluding counterparty credit risk)	26,315,807	29,799,335	3,157,897
2	Counterparty credit risk (CCR)	-	-	-
3	Market risk	2,067,077	844,266	248,049
4	Operational risk	5,433,829	3,315,333	652,060
5	Total (1 + 2 + 3 + 4)	33,816,714	33,958,935	4,058,006

DIS04: Composition of Regulatory Capital

		Jun-24	Mar-24
		Amounts Ushs 000	Amounts Ushs 000
Common Equity Tier 1 capital: instruments and reserves			
1	Permanent shareholders' equity (issued and fully paid-up common shares)	28,837,000	28,837,000
2	Share premium	-	-
3	Retained earnings	2,417,528	2,774,213
4	Net after tax profits current year-to date (50% only)	-	-
5	General reserves (permanent, unencumbered and able to absorb losses)	-	-
6	Tier 1 capital before regulatory adjustments	31,254,528	31,611,213
Tier 1 capital: regulatory adjustments			
8	Goodwill and other intangible assets	1,119,868	1,213,130
9	Current year's losses	57,362	284,438
10	investments in unconsolidated financial subsidiaries	-	-
12	deficiencies in provisions for losses	-	-
14	Other deductions determined by the Central bank	-	-
26	Other deductions determined by the Central bank	-	-

28	Total regulatory adjustments to Tier 1 capital	1,177,230	1,497,568
29	Tier 1 capital	30,077,298	30,113,644
	Tier 2 capital: Supplementary capital		
46	Revaluation reserves on fixed assets	-	-
47	<i>Unencumbered general provisions for losses (not to exceed 1.25% of RWA)</i>	188,104	203,368
48	Hybrid capital instruments	-	-
49	<i>Subordinated debt (not to exceed 50% of core capital subject to a discount factor)</i>	-	-
58	Tier 2 capital	188,104	203,368
59	Total regulatory capital (= Tier 1 + Tier2)	30,265,402	30,317,012
60	Total risk-weighted assets	33,816,714	33,958,935
	Capital adequacy ratios and buffers		
61	Tier 1 capital (as a percentage of risk-weighted assets)	89%	89%
63	Total capital (as a percentage of risk-weighted assets)	89%	89%
64	Total Institution-specific buffer requirement (capital conservation buffer plus countercyclical buffer requirements plus systemic buffer, expressed as a percentage of risk-weighted assets)	-	-
65	Of which: capital conservation buffer requirement	845,418	848,973
66	Of which: countercyclical buffer requirement	-	-
67	Of which: bank specific systemic buffer requirement	-	-
68	Tier 1 capital (as a percentage of risk-weighted assets) available after meeting the bank's minimum capital requirements		
	Minimum statutory ratio requirements		
70	Tier 1 capital adequacy ratio	12.50%	12.50%
71	Total capital adequacy ratio	14.50%	14.50%

DIS05: Asset Quality

Jun-24							
		a	b	d	e	f	g
		Gross carrying values of		Provisions as per FIA2004/MDIA2003		Interest in suspense	Net values (FIA/MDIA)
		Defaulted exposures	Non-defaulted exposures	Specific	General		(a+b-d-f)
		Ushs 000	Ushs 000	Ushs 000	Ushs 000	Ushs 000	Ushs 000
1	Loans and advances	1,008,801	18,093,156	198,629	188,104	92,915	18,810,414
2	Debt Securities	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Off-balance sheet exposures	-	2,685,664	-	-	-	2,685,664
4	Total	1,008,801	20,778,820	198,629	188,104	92,915	21,400,888

DIS06: Changes in stock of defaulted loans and debt securities

		Jun-24
		Ushs 000
1	Defaulted loans & advances, debt securities and off balance sheet exposures at end of the previous reporting period	1,544,014
2	Loans and debt securities that have defaulted since the last reporting period	316,007
3	Returned to non-defaulted status	-
4	Amounts written off	722,799
5	Other changes	-
		128,420
6	Defaulted loans & advances, debt securities and off balance sheet exposures at end of the reporting period	1,008,801
	(1+2-3-4+5)	

DIS07: Qualitative disclosure on SFIs' use of external credit ratings under the standardized approach for credit risk

For the period ended 30 June 2024 the Bank did not utilize the services of External Credit assessment institutions.